# **INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

# Velocity/Acceleration Monitor Model 566



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**NUMBER** 

909GF272C

P-2409

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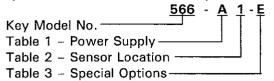
#### Section I - DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 GENERAL

The Robershaw Model 566 Velocity/Acceleration Monitor is a versatile vibration detection instrument designed to provide a 4-20 maDC output signal and two field adjustment solid state alarm outputs, one with adjustable time delay. The device is field selectable for Velocity or Acceleration modes of operation with each having two ranges of vibration coverage. Switching from Velocity to Acceleration or Acceleration to Velocity is accomplished with no degradation of operation. The alarms can be set for Normally Open or Normally Closed and for "latched" or "unlatched" states. The Time Delay operates on Alarm #1 only and is adjustable from 0.5 to 15 seconds. Alarm #2 has no Time Delay, therefore is an immediate alarm or shutdown when the vibration exceeds the setting of Alarm #2.

#### 1.2 MODEL IDENTIFICATION

Identify instrument models in accordance with the description and variations listed in each table. Dashes are used in the model number only in those spaces as indicated in the example below.



#### KEY MODEL NO.

Model No.	Description
566 Velocity or Acceler 4-20 maDC output	Velocity or Acceleration Monitor with 4-20 maDC output and two
	adjustable solid state alarms. Housed in an explosion-proof enclosure.

#### Table 1 - POWER SUPPLY

Desig.	Description
Α	120 VAC, <u>+</u> 10%, 50/60 Hz.
В	240 VAC, <u>+</u> 10%, 50/60 Hz.

#### Table 2 - SENSOR LOCATION

Desig.	Description
1	Internally mounted sensor
2	Remote mounted sensor in an explosion-proof condulet. Can be mounted up to 1,000 feet from the Model 566 using ungrounded twisted pair wires.

#### Table 3 - Special Options

Desig. Description	
None	No special option.
E	Enclosure(s) painted with gray epoxy enamel.

### Section II - SPECIFICATIONS

#### 2.1 ENVIRONMENTAL

Operating Temperature Range:40 to +176°F		
$(-40 \text{ to } + 80^{\circ})$		
Storage Temperature Range:65 to +20		
	$(-54 \text{ to } + 93^{\circ}\text{C})$	
Humidity:	95% RH @ +100°F (+37°C)	
Shock:	75g's for 11ms	
Housing:	FM approved and CSA Certified	
-	Explosion-proof for Class I, Div.	
	1, Groups C & D; Class II, Div.	
	1, Groups E, F, & G. CSA	
certified for Enclosure 4		
	(watertight) - equivalent to	
	NEMA 4.	
Remote Transducer	Housing: EM approved	

Remote Transducer Housing: ... FM approved Explosion-proof for Class I, Div. 1, Groups B, C, & D; Class II, Div. 1, Groups E,F, & G. NEMA 4 (watertight). CSA certified Explosion-proof for Class I, Div. 1, Groups C & D; Class II, Div. 1, Groups E, F, & G. CSA enclosure 4 (watertight) - equivalent to NEMA 4.

#### 2.2 ELECTRICAL

Supply Voltages ..... 120 VAC, ±10%, 50/60 Hz. 240 VAC, +10%, 50/60 Hz.

Input Signal:

Velocity ......Low Range: 0-1.5 in./sec. RMS High Range: 0-3 in./sec. RMS

Acceleration ...Low Range: 0-5 G's RMS

High Range: 0-10 G's RMS

Output Signal...... 4-20 maDC (not isolated) Output Signal Load Limit .... 750 Ohms Maximum Solid State Relay Rating .....Triac, 2 amp, 120 or 240 VAC inductive or

non-inductive. Leak rate 1 ma maximum.

#### NOTE:

AC CURRENT ONLY - Minimum Triac Load Current 50 ma.

Time Delay ..... Field Adjustable 0.5 to 15 seconds (alarm #1 only).

#### 2.3 PERFORMANCE

Accuracy:

Relay Setpoint .... +10% of setting with a

repeatability of 2%

Analog output .... +5% of span

(4-20 maDC)

Supply and Load Variation ...... Less than +0.1%

Frequency Response ...... Flat response 8 Hz. to 1 KHz.

Output Current Limit .......22 ma maximum

#### Section III - INSTALLATION

#### 3.1 GENERAL

Examine the instrument for possible shipping damage. IMPORTANT: If for any reason it is determined that parts should be returned to the factory, please notify the nearest Robertshaw sales representative prior to shipment. Each unit must be properly packaged to prevent damage. Robertshaw assumes no responsibility for equipment damaged in shipment due to improper packaging.

#### 3.2 MOUNTING, INTERNAL SENSOR UNIT

The vibration sensitive axis of the instrument is perpendicular to its mounting base. Therefore, the instrument must be mounted in a plane that will detect the vibratory motion for which monitoring is desired. The instrument may be mounted at any location along the length of machines containing rotating shafts. The preferable location being parallel to the rotating shaft. Do not mount the instrument perpendicular to the ends of rotating shafts unless the end-play or end-thrust measurement is desired. Normally, bent shafts, unbalances on the rotating mass of the shaft, worn bearings, and other anomalies are detected near the bearing housings and parallel to the shaft. See Figure 6-1 for dimensions.

#### 3.3 MOUNTING, REMOTE SENSOR UNIT

The remote sensor of the instrument is to be mounted per the instructions given in Section 3.2 above. The instrument itself should be in a location in accordance with good instrument practice, avoiding extremes of temperature and humidity. It may be mounted or oriented in any position at a distance up to 1000 feet from the remote sensor utilizing ungrounded twisted pair wires. See Figure 6-1 for dimensions.

#### 3.4 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

All electrical connections should be made in accordance with the appropriate figures as noted below. The use of color coded wire is The wiring should be within a recommended. grounded metal conduit. The wiring between the Model 566 and a remotely mounted sensor is ungrounded twisted pair. If this wiring is in grounded metal conduit that also contains power lines, the twisted pair from the remote sensor must be of the shielded type.

TRANSDUCER: The wires from the transducer (internal or remote) connect to the corresponding terminals on the Model 566 that are marked "XDCR." See Figure 3-2.

OUTPUT CURRENT SIGNAL: The 4-20 maDC output wiring is to be done in accordance with Figure 3-3.

REMOTE RESET: This is used with the "Latch" mode of operation. The wiring from the Model 566 to the remote switch (usually a normally-open, momentary contact, pushbutton switch) must be ungrounded. See Figure 3-4.

#### CAUTION

Do not ground these terminals nor connect an external power source to them. Failure to comply will result in permanent damage to the unit.

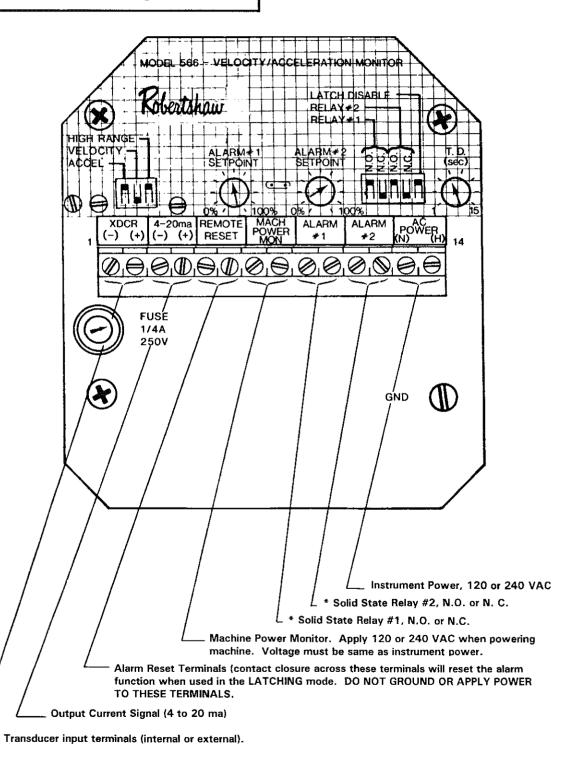
MACHINE POWER MONITOR: This is used to eliminate high vibration indication on Alarm #1 and to disable the 4-20 mA output (locking the output at 4 mA) whenever the machine being monitored is shutting down. When using this feature, power is applied to the MACHINE POWER MONITOR terminals in conjunction with the power that is applied to the machine being monitored. This is usually done by connecting these terminals to the supply terminals of the machine being monitored. This is not normally required, however, when not using this feature continuous power must still be applied to the machine power terminals during operation of the model 566. Continuous power may be obtained by connecting jumpers between the AC POWER terminals and the MACHINE POWER MONITOR terminals. Voltage applied to these terminals must be the same as the supply power. Polarity is not important.

ALARMS #1 AND #2: These are solid state relays. The output load is connected in series with the corresponding solid state relay and connected to either 120 VAC or 240 VAC.

#### NOTE

These relays will not operate on DC. Minimum Triac Load Current 50 ma. See Figure 3-6.

AC POWER: This is continuous line power in accordance with nameplate data (either 120 or 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz.) See Figure 3-7.



\*Minimum Triac Load Current is 50 ma. Figure 3-1

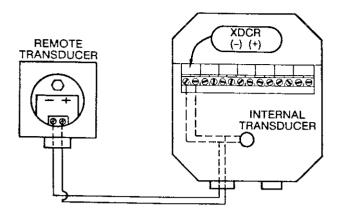


Figure 3-2: Transducer Wiring Polarity must be observed.

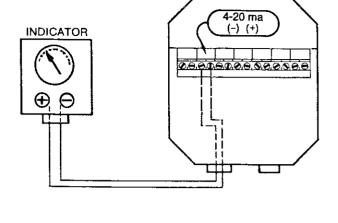


Figure 3-3: Output Current Wiring Polarity must be observed.

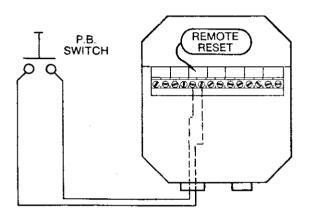


Figure 3-4: Remote Reset Wiring.

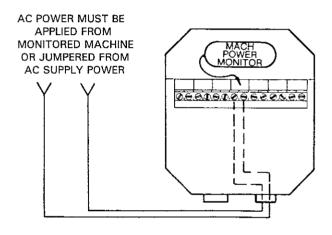


Figure 3-5: Machine Power Monitor Wiring Voltage must be same as AC supply power.

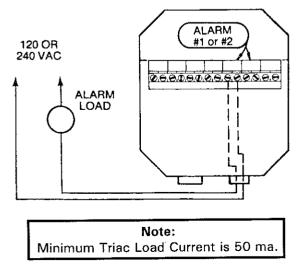


Figure 3-6: Alarms Wiring.

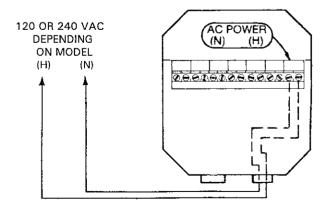


Figure 3-7: AC Supply Power Wiring Polarity must be observed.

#### Section IV - OPERATION

4-1 DESCRIPTION OF CONTROLS AND ADJUSTMENTS (See Figure 4-1) VELOCITY SPAN ADJ.: Factory calibrated for 20 maDC at 100% input.

ACCELERATION SPAN ADJ.: Factory calibrated for 20 maDC at 100% input.

**ACCELERATION SWITCH:** Set in the UP position for monitoring acceleration and DOWN for monitoring velocity.

**VELOCITY SWITCH:** Set in the UP position monitoring velocity and DOWN for monitoring acceleration.

**HIGH RANGE SWITCH:** Set in the UP position for the high range of velocity or acceleration and DOWN for the low range.

**ZERO ADJUSTMENT:** Factory calibrated for 4 maDC at 0% input.

**ALARM #1 SETPOINT:** This is the calibration adjustment for Alarm #1. Adjust this control for the desired vibration alarm value in percent of the operating range. The control is marked 0 to 100% with 10 subdivisions.

**ALARM #2 SETPOINT:** This is the calibration adjustment for Alarm #2. Adjust this control for the desired vibration alarm value in percent of the operating range. The control is marked from 0 to 100% with 10 subdivisions.

**RELAY #1 N.O. SWITCH:** Place this switch in the UP position if Relay #1 is to be OPEN in the unalarmed condition (vibration is below the alarm setpoint) or in the DOWN position if Relay #1 is to be CLOSED in the unalarmed condition.

**RELAY #1 N.C. SWITCH:** Place this switch in the UP position if Relay #1 is to be CLOSED in the unalarmed condition (vibration is below the alarm setpoint) or in the DOWN position if Relay #1 is to be OPEN in the unalarmed condition.

**RELAY #2 N.O. SWITCH:** Place this switch in the UP position if Relay #2 is to be OPEN in the unalarmed condition (vibration is below the alarm setpoint) or in the DOWN position if Relay #2 is to be CLOSED in the unalarmed condition.

**RELAY #2 N.C. SWITCH:** Place this switch in the UP position if Relay #2 is to be CLOSED in the unalarmed condition (vibration is below the alarm setpoint) or in the DOWN position if Relay #2 is to be OPEN in the unalarmed condition.

LATCH DISABLE SWITCH: Place this switch in the UP position for the relays NOT to latch when alarmed and therefore will not remain in the

alarmed state when the vibration drops below the alarm setpoint. Place the switch in the DOWN position for the relays TO LATCH when alarmed and will remain in the alarmed state until "unlatched." To unlatch the relays, momentarily close the REMOTE RESET switch.

**TIME DELAY (T.D.) (Seconds):** This is the Time Delay adjustment for Alarm #1 ONLY. This delay is adjustable from 0.5 to 15 seconds.

#### 4.2 CALIBRATION - SETTING THE ALARMS

#### NOTE:

All settings below are only the recommendation of Robertshaw. The actual settings used must be determined by the user.

#### WARNING

Do not remove the cover of the instrument with power applied in an explosive atmosphere.

#### ALARM #1:

Set the TIME DELAY to maximum. Start the machine that is to be monitored and allow it to reach its normal operating speed and load conditions. When this condition is attained, slowly turn RELAY #1 SETPOINT adjustment counterclockwise until RELAY #1 ALARM TRIP INDICATOR turns ON. Note the percentage value on the dial at this point. The trip indicator is not affected by the Time Delay so it will turn on immediately when the above condition is met.

**Velocity Mode:** Look at Figure 4-2 and find the percentage value obtained above along the vertical axis on the left of the chart. Obtain the Final Setpoint Value along the horizontal axis from the chart and turn RELAY #1 SETPOINT adjustment clockwise to this value.

**ACCELERATION MODE:** Look at Figure 4-3 and follow the same procedure as in Velocity Mode above.

TIME DELAY: A time delay of 0.5 to 15 seconds is provided for Relay #1. The purpose of this delay is to allow the unit to ignore relatively short duration transitory vibration, such as might be encountered during start-up, speed changes, and/or shutdown of the machine. This Time Delay is calibrated by first calibrating the Alarm #1 setpoint, as outlined above, and then setting the Time Delay at a value slighty greater than the anticipated duration of this type of vibration, but short enough that no damage will be suffered by the machine being monitored.

#### ALARM #2:

This setpoint should be used as an immediate alarm/shutdown in the event of catastrophic failure (vibration) of any component. It should be set at a value above the setting of Alarm #1 as determined by Figure 4-4 for velocity and acceleration. This alarm does not have any time delay adjustment.

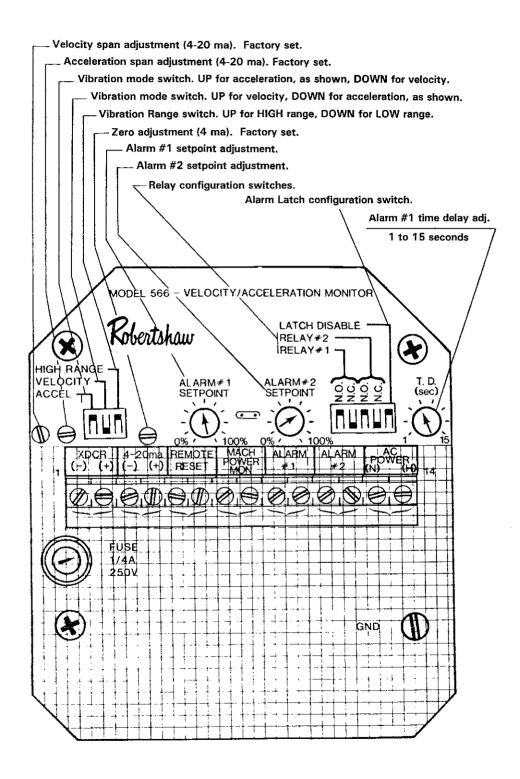
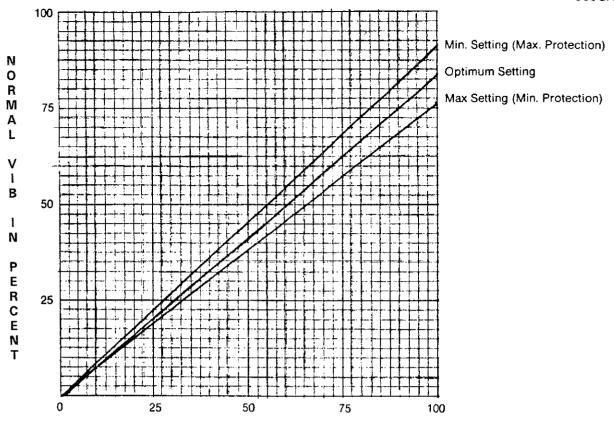
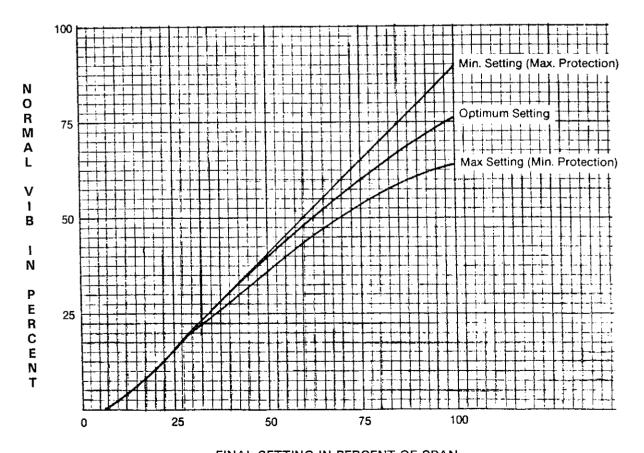


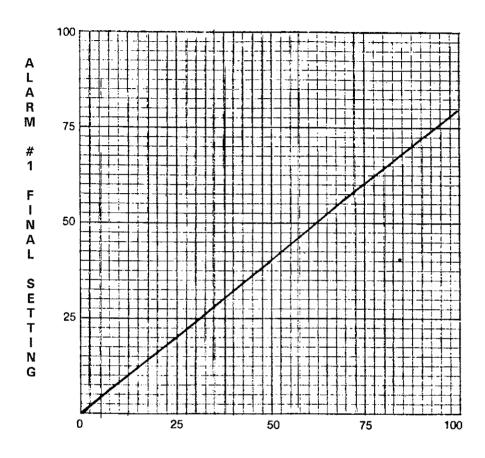
Figure 4-1: OPERATING CONTROLS



FINAL SETTING IN PERCENT OF SPAN
Figure 4-2: ALARM #1, VELOCITY SETTING



FINAL SETTING IN PERCENT OF SPAN
Figure 4-3: ALARM #1, ACCELERATION SETTING



ALARM #2 SETTING
Figure 4-4: Alarm #2 Setting

## Section V - SPARE PARTS

5.1 SPARE PAI	RTS FOR MODEL 56	6
Robertshaw		
Part Number	Description	

#### Model 566

NIOUEI 566
018KB030 Cover, Protective
*019KB005 Plate, Mounting, Accelerometer
040KB458-02 Cover, Enclosure - Standard
040SA104-04 Cover, Enclosure - Epoxy Painted
040KB560 Housing - Standard
040SA104-03 Housing – Epoxy Painted
044KX130-01 PCA, I/O - 120 VAC
044KX130-02 PCA, I/O – 240 VAC
044KX132PCA, Logic
044KX134-01 PCA, Power Supply - 120 VAC
044KX134-02 PCA, Power Supply - 240 VAC
560KB070 Gasket, Cover
*580KB008-01 Accelerometer

### **5.2 SPARE PARTS FOR REMOTE TRANSDUCER**

Robertshaw

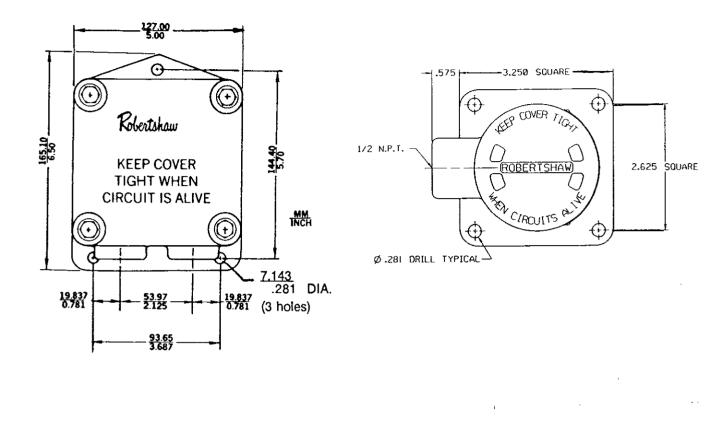
Part Number Description

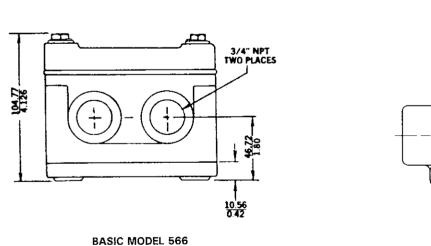
#### Model 904GC337

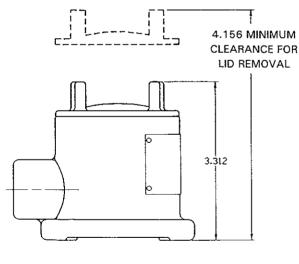
904GC337Transduce	r, Remote – Standard
904GC337-01 Transduce	r, Remote – Epoxy Painted
019KB101 Plate, Mou	ınting, Accelerometer
039KB017 Housing -	Standard
039KB017-01 Housing -	Epoxy Painted
044KX152 PCA, Tern	nination
560KB051-01 O-Ring	
580KB008-01 Accelerom	eter
904GB802-02 Cover, End	closure – Standard
904GB802-05 Cover, End	closure - Epoxy Painted

<sup>\*</sup>Denotes part not used in Model 566 With Remote Transducer option.

# Section VI - DIMENSIONS Model 566 and Remote Transducer Dimensions







REMOTE TRANSDUCER

Figure 6-1: DIMENSIONS



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